

USER INTERFACE FOR "HOW TO USE" APPLICATION
OF AUTOMATED SELF SERVICE CALL CENTER

TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates automated speech recognition
(ASR) interfaces for self-service call center systems,
and more particularly for an interface for caller's
5 seeking "how to use" information.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Customer call centers are increasingly using automated self-service systems, which use voice recognition and interactive voice response techniques.

5 Automated self-service systems are much less expensive than those using live service agents. A well designed self-service system can cost as little as 10% as a call center that uses live agents.

One type of call center service that requires unique
10 dialog and interaction is assistance to customers who desire to learn how to use products or services. The needs of a customer who is unsure how to use a product or service tend to be more difficult to define than for other services, such as providing sales or account
15 information. For such customers, the flow of a self service dialog is complicated to design.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

A more complete understanding of the present
embodiments and advantages thereof may be acquired by
referring to the following description taken in
5 conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like
reference numbers indicate like features, and wherein:

FIGURES 1A and 1B illustrate a "how to use" dialog
in accordance with the invention.

FIGURE 2 illustrates a computer implemented system
10 for implementing the dialog of FIGURES 1A and 1B.

FIGURE 3 illustrates the timeout and retry
processes.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The following invention is directed to a "how to use" interface for an automated self service customer call system. For purposes of example, this description is written in terms of a "how to use" interface for telephone services, on behalf of a telephone service provider. However, the same concepts may be applied to a "how to use" interface for any type of product or service.

FIGURES 1A and 1B illustrate the flow of a "how to use" (HTU) dialog in accordance with the invention. A computer system for implementing the HTU dialog is described below in connection with FIGURE 2.

As explained below, the system provides a caller with an interactive self-service series of verbal prompts, voice recognition entry points, and messages, the combination of which provide the caller with the desired information about how to use a selected service. Once a caller has selected a service of interest, then a topic of interest, the system provides the appropriate instructions.

As explained below in connection with FIGURE 2, the dialog of FIGURES 1A and 1B is implemented using computer hardware, which is programmed in accordance with the process steps described below. The HTU system allows callers to easily access instructions for a variety of services or products within a single phone call by using speech input. The system uses a combination of natural language and directed dialog elements, allowing callers to retrieve instructions through several different paths. Specifically, callers can identify a topic of interest in

three ways: by saying the name of the service or product, by selecting the topic from a menu, or by verbally describing what the service or product does in the caller's own words. This approach is achieved by
5 using both statistical language models and grammar-based recognition techniques.

Although the dialog is especially useful for voice recognition of voice responses from the caller, it also recognizes keypad input. In some steps, keypad input is
10 requested by prompting, such as "Enter 1 for..." or "Enter your area code and phone number". In general, each of the caller's responses described herein could be substituted with a keypad entry, and DTMF recognition used rather than voice recognition.

15 Step 1000 is a Welcome state. It is a play-prompt state, and like the other play-prompt states described herein, it plays a waveform, or a series of waveforms, to the caller who hears the waveforms as a spoken message. As an example of a welcome play-prompt, the caller may
20 hear, "Welcome to the How to Use Guide for your phone services".

Step 1020 is an Offer Spanish interaction dialog module. Like the other interaction states described herein, Step 1020 prompts the caller for input.
25 Interaction states also handle default timeout and retries, and typically continue to a next state upon a successful voice recognition.

An example of an Offer Spanish prompt is: "Para continuar en Espanol por favor oprima el uno". If the
30 caller enters "1", the input is recognized as a DTMF signal and the call is transferred to a Spanish version

of the dialog. After a pause, and if no DTMF signal is received, the dialog proceeds to Step 1025.

Step 1025 is a Get Phone Number interaction dialog module. Step 1025 typically follows Step 1020. An
5 example of the message played in Step 1025 is: "I'll help you find out how to use any of the phone services we provide for our residential customers. To get started, I'll need your area code and home phone number. You can either say it or enter it."

10 The caller then responds by speaking or entering a number. If a number is recognized, the caller is thanked and the dialog proceeds to Step 1050. If no number is recognized, various timeouts and retry messages are delivered, and upon failure of these, the dialog is
15 exited.

Step 1050 is a Get Service Name interaction dialog module, and typically follows Step 1025. It may also be entered from Step 1310, Step 2015, or Step 4000, explained below.

20 When entering from Step 1025, an example of a message to the caller is: "Now, please tell me which phone service you'd like to find out about. [pause] To hear your choices, say list them".

Natural language techniques are used so that the
25 caller may freely speak the names of services or describe them in natural language. If the caller responds by naming or describing a service, the dialog proceeds to Step 1200. If the caller responds by speaking "List them", the dialog proceeds to Step 1075.

30 If the caller has entered Step 1050 from Step 2015 or from Step 4000, the dialog speaks a message such as

"If you're finished hearing about phone services, say
"I'm finished". [pause] Otherwise,..." If the caller
speaks "I'm finished", the dialog proceeds to Step 5000,
explained below. If the caller does not say "I'm
5 finished", the dialog proceeds as when entering from Step
1025.

Natural language techniques are also used to
recognize when the caller has named an unsupported
service. If the caller names an unsupported service, the
10 dialog proceeds to Step 4000. Step 4000 is a process
whereby the system recognizes a number of unsupported
services. For example, if the caller speaks "discount
packages", the system responds with a message such as:
"I'm sorry. Right now, I don't have any information
15 about discount packages. If you want more information
about this topic, you'll need to speak with a
representative who can help. Would you like me to
transfer you now?". If the caller speaks "Yes", the
caller is transferred. If the caller speaks "No", the
20 caller returns to Step 1050, hears an appropriate
message, and is given another opportunity to select a
service.

Step 1075 is a Get Category Name interactive dialog
module, performed if the caller has requested a list in
25 Step 1050. An example of a message that the caller hears
is: "I have the services grouped into categories based
on what each service does. I'll read the categories, and
when you hear the one you want, just say it. Call
Answering, Caller Identification, Call Forwarding, Call
30 Screening, Three-way Calling, Automatic Dialing,
Personalized Ring, Local Plus." The caller may then

10 speak the name of the service category, and the dialog
proceeds to Step 1200.

After the message of Step 1075, the caller is
offered various retries and timeouts if there is no
5 response or the response is not understood. Also, after
a category name is spoken, the caller receives a
confirmation message such as "Automatic dialing. Is that
correct?"

Step 1200 is a Disambiguation Check internal
10 decision step. If the caller has selected a service
category having more than one type of service, it may be
necessary to ask an additional question to determine the
specific service name. Step 1200 determines whether to
continue with the call dialog or to first go to a
15 disambiguation state.

The disambiguation check of Step 1200 depends on
which service the caller has selected. Some categories
have only one associated service, and need no
disambiguation. For those services, the dialog proceeds
20 to Step 1300. However, other categories have more than
one associated service. In this case, the dialog
proceeds to Step 1210.

Step 1210 is a disambiguation process. For example,
if the caller has selected the category of Automatic
25 Dialing in Step 1050 or Step 1210, the caller might hear
the following message: "There are four services that can
automatically dial a number for you. Say "Auto Redial,
Call Return, Speed Calling, Direct Reply, or say Help for
a brief explanation of each". The caller's response is
30 recognized as the selected service of interest.

Step 1300 is a Check Service Name internal decision step. This state determines which of the various services the caller has asked for in Step 1050 or Step 1210, and links to a dialog module associated with that service.

Step 1310 is playing the dialog module linked in Step 1300. Each dialog module has a message that briefly describes its associated service and lists topics associated with that service.

For example, if the caller has selected the Call Notes service, the caller hears the following message: "Call Notes voicemail records a message from callers when your phone is busy or you don't answer the call. To pick a different service, say Start over. [pause] There is also a related service called Call Notes Plus, which adds a few additional features. To find out about that, say Call Notes Plus. [pause] I have several topics related to Call Notes -- thirteen in fact. I'll start reading the first set of topics, and when you hear the one you want, just interrupt me and say it. [pause] Here are the first four topics. Setup, retrieve messages, change number of rings, change passcode, [pause] Was it one of these?" If the caller responds, with "Yes" or the topic name, the dialog proceeds to Step 2000. If the caller responds "No", the dialog continues with additional topic selections.

As with other interactive steps, each of the dialog modules of Step 1310 provides the caller with various timeout and retry options, and with a confirmation message after a topic is selected. The caller may also be given an option to speak "Start over" and return to

Step 1050. During or after the playing of the dialog module, the caller may say "Repeat that" to have the topics of that dialog module repeated.

Services having numerous topics may have their dialog module divided into parts, so that the caller may hear only a portion of the topics in each part of the dialog module. The example above, listing the first four topics for Call Notes is an example of such a service. The partitioning of the topics permits the dialog module to prompt for and receive the caller's request to "start over" or "Repeat that."

A feature of Steps 1050, 1075, and 1310 is that services and topics are presented to the caller in frequency order. That is, the most frequently requested services and topics are offered to the caller first.

In Step 1310, one of the available topics may be a Pricing topic. Because pricing may depend on the caller's service location, if the caller selects the pricing topic, it is next determined whether the caller's phone number has been obtained in Step 1025.

Step 1625 is performed if the caller has selected a Pricing topic, and if the caller's phone number has been entered and recognized. In Step 1625, a database is queried and appropriate pricing information is accessed and reported to the caller. The dialog then proceeds to Step 2010.

Step 1600 is an interactive dialog module, performed if the caller has selected a Pricing topic and the caller's phone number has not been entered or recognized. In Step 1600, an example message to the caller is: "To get accurate pricing information, I'll need to transfer

you to an SBC representative who can help. Would you like me to transfer you now?" If the caller responds, "Yes", the call is transferred. If the caller responds "No", the dialog proceeds to Step 2015. If desired, Step 5 1600 may include an additional message to request the caller's phone number, so that the dialog may then proceed to Step 1625.

Step 2000 is a Get Information dialog module, performed after the caller responds with a topic in Step 10 1310 and if the information is too lengthy to be played from a single dialog module. If the information is sufficiently short to be played in a single dialog module, the dialog proceeds directly to Step 2010.

The dialog of Step 2000 first plays a preamble 15 message that corresponds to the topic that was chosen. For example, the message might be: "I have some instructions about how to set up call notes". The next message provides the information to be provided to the caller for the selected topic.

20 After the message of Step 2000 is played, there are two possible paths for the remaining dialog. If all information has been given, the dialog proceeds to Step 2015. If the information is lengthy, it is split into more than one dialog module, and the dialog proceeds to 25 Step 2005.

Step 2005 is a What Next voice menu module. It is performed after the information of Step 2000 has been played to the caller. This step plays a message that gives the caller the option of rehearing the information 30 given in Step 2000 or of going on. An example message is: "Say repeat that or go on".

As indicated above, Step 2010 is a second Get Information dialog module, and plays either the second half of information topics presented in Step 2000 or the entire information for topics that are to be played in one piece. For playing the second half of a topic, Step 2010 is performed after the caller has responded "Go on" after Step 2005. When Step 2010 is used to provide all information.

As indicated in FIGURE 1B, at any point during Step 2000 or Step 2010, the caller may speak "Stop". This causes the dialog to branch to Step 2015.

Step 2015 follows Step 2010 and is a second What Next voice menu module. If the caller has entered Step 2015 from Step 2010 and has not said "Stop", the following message is played: "To hear that again, say Repeat That. Otherwise,...". This provides the caller with an opportunity to hear the information from Step 2010 again.

If the caller does not say "Repeat that", the dialog asks if the caller would like more information about the particular topic selected in Step 1310. If the caller says "Yes", the dialog returns to Step 1310. If the caller says "No", the dialog goes to Step 1050, and continues as explained above.

Step 5000 is a voice menu step, performed when the caller says "I'm finished" during Step 1050. Step 5000 plays a first survey question, such as: "Before you go, I just want to ask you two questions about your satisfaction with this service. First, did I give you the information you were looking for?" If the caller says "Yes", the dialog says "Great" and proceeds to Step

5025. If the caller says "No", the dialog proceeds to Step 5025. In either case, the response is recorded.

Step 5025 is a voice menu step, performed after Step 5000. Step 5025 plays a second survey question, such as:
5 "And rating your experience using this system on a scale from 1 to 5 with 1 being very dissatisfied and 5 being very satisfied, what's my score?". The caller's response is recorded and the dialog goes to Step 9100. By analyzing the recorded results of Steps 5000 and 5010,
10 the system can evaluate its effectiveness.

Step 9100 is a goodbye message. A message is played such as: Thanks for calling us. Goodbye". The call is then ended.

The various "Repeat That" messages described above
15 provide the caller with controllable playback, such that the caller may control the pace with which instructions are presented. Also, the division of messages into dialog modules ensures that the caller is not faced with "too much information" at once, and is given adequate
20 opportunity to go back to a previous step or rehear a message of the present step. Each dialog has its own associated timeouts and retries, so that the caller is continually apprised of his or her position in the dialog.

25 Each of the above-described interactive dialog modules and voice menus includes a "Help" feature. At any time during that dialog module, the caller may say "Help". The dialog then plays a message as specified by that dialog module. The Help feature is particularly
30 useful during Steps 1050, 1075, and 1310, to assist the caller in identifying a topic of interest when the caller

does not know the correct name of the service or product or when the caller wishes to browse topics.

FIGURE 2 illustrates a computer system 100 for implementing the dialog interface of FIGURES 1A and 1B.

5 An IVR Self Service Host process 105 is the main process for the system. It controls and passes tasks to various subsystems, one of which is the HTU process 110 of the present invention. Process 110 is programmed to perform the dialog process described above in connection with
10 FIGURES 1A and 1B. A database 111 stores messages and instructions to be played to callers, as described above. A survey database 112 is used to store survey responses collected during the survey steps (Steps 5000 and 5025).

FIGURE 3 illustrates the various timeout and retries
15 included in several of the steps described above. Any one of the various interactive dialog modules described above may include these timeouts and retries.

As illustrated, after a prompt for a caller response, in Step 300, system 100 may or may not detect a
20 response. If a response is detected, Step 310 is determining a confidence level, which may be high, medium, or low.

High confidence responses are successful voice recognition and trigger an appropriate response by system
25 100. Medium confidence responses are followed by a clarification message 320, which results in a successful recognition or at least one retry prompt. The message in the retry prompt depends on the associated dialog module, and is stored with other messages for that dialog module.
30 A low confidence response is followed by one or more retry messages 350. Retries are typically limited to two

attempts, and if no response is recognized after that, the caller is transferred to a live agent.

If Step 300 results in no user input detected, system 100 plays one or more timeout prompts 360 and 365.

- 5 The contents of the prompt depend on the particular dialog module. After a predetermined number of timeout prompts, the caller is transferred if there is no successful recognition.

A further feature of system 100 is the use of global
10 commands. During the interactive dialog modules, the caller may at anytime by transferred to a live agent by speaking words such as" "agent", "representative", or "operator". Also, the caller may return to Step 1050 by saying words such as: "start over" or "main menu". If
15 the caller is in Step 1210, these words return the caller to Step 1075. And as stated above, the caller may at any time speak a word such as "Help", to which system 100 responds with a help message associated with the dialog module the caller was in.

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